Chemiluminescent western blotting procedure

Experimental information

Hypothesis:

Date:

Sample source:

Target protein:

Lysis/extraction buffer:

Electrophoresis conditions

- Gel type and percentage:
- Molecular weight marker:
- Voltage and amps:
- Run time:

Gel layout

Lane	Sample	Total amount loaded	Lane	Sample	Total amount loaded
1			14		
2			15		
3			16		
4			17		
5			18		
6			19		
7			20		
8			21		
9			22		
10			23		
11			24		
12			25		
13			26		

Materials

• Transfer membrane

(e.g., Thermo Scientific[™] membranes, Cat. No. 88018 or 88518)

 Transfer buffer: (e.g., Invitrogen™ NuPAGE™ Transfer Buffer, Cat. No. NP0006; Invitrogen™ Novex™ Tris-Glycine Transfer Buffer, Cat. No. LC3675)

Wash buffer:

(e.g., Thermo Scientific™ Pierce™ 20X TBS Tween™ 20 Buffer, Cat. No. 28360; Thermo Scientific™ Pierce™ 20X PBS Tween™ 20 Buffer, Cat. No. 28352)

 Blocking buffer: (e.g., Thermo Scientific™ Pierce™ Clear Milk Blocking Buffer, Cat. No. 37587)

- Incubation trays and containers
- Primary antibody
 Antibody target:
 Supplier and Cat. No.:
 Lot number:
- Secondary antibody Antibody target:
 Supplier and Cat. No.:
 Lot number:
- Chemiluminescent HRP substrate:
 (e.g., Thermo Scientific™ SuperSignal™ West Pico PLUS substrate,
 Cat. No. 34580; SuperSignal™ West Atto Ultimate Sensitivity Substrate,
 Cat. No. A38555)

Find buffer and stock solutions recipes at

thermofisher.com/westernprotocol



Protocol

- 1. Prepare transfer buffer for wet or semi-dry transfers based on gel chemistry.
- 2. Prepare transfer membrane.
 - PVDF: pre-wet in methanol or ethanol (100%) for 30 seconds, briefly rinse in deionized water, and equilibrate in transfer buffer for 5 minutes.
 - Nitrocellulose: equilibrate directly in transfer buffer for 5 minutes.
- 3. Prepare gel for transfer by rinsing the gel in water for 1-5 minutes to remove any SDS.
- 4. Follow manufacturer's instructions for wet, semi-dry, or dry transfer.

Transfer method:

Transfer device:

Voltage and program:

Transfer time:

Additional transfer notes:

5. After protein transfer, wash the membrane in deionized water 4 times for 5 minutes each with agitation to remove all transfer buffer.

Wash 1

Wash 2

Wash 3

Wash 4

6. Incubate the membrane with a sufficient volume of blocking buffer for 30–60 minutes at room temperature with agitation.

Blocking buffer incubation time:

7. Dilute the primary antibody per supplier recommendations in the blocking buffer. Primary antibody dilution:
Antibody stock concentration:

8. Incubate the membrane protein-side up in the primary antibody solution with agitation, for 1 hour at room temperature or overnight at 2–8°C. Ensure the volume of the antibody solution is enough to fully cover the membrane.

Incubation time:

Incubation temperature:

9. Wash the membrane 3 times with agitation for 10 minutes each in wash buffer.

Wash 1

Wash 2

Wash 3

10. Dilute the conjugated secondary antibody in an appropriate volume of wash buffer or alternatively in blocking buffer.

Secondary antibody dilution:

Antibody stock concentration:

- 11. Incubate the membrane protein-side up in the secondary antibody solution for 1 hour with agitation at room temperature. Ensure the volume of the antibody solution is enough to fully cover the membrane.
- 12. Wash the membrane 6 times with agitation for 5 minutes each in wash buffer to remove any unbound secondary antibodies. It is crucial to thoroughly wash the membrane at this step.

Wash 1 Wash 2 Wash 3 Wash 4 Wash 5 Wash 6

- Prepare the working solution of chemiluminescent substrate based upon the manufacturer's instructions.
 Suggested volume is (0.1 mL working solution per cm² of membrane.
- 14. Incubate the blot with the working solution for 1 minute when using standard ECL substrates or 5 minutes when using high-performance substrates, such as Thermo Scientific™ SuperSignal™ substrates.
- 15. Using tweezer, remove the blot from the working solution and drain excess reagent.
- 16. Place the blot in clear plastic wrap or a sheet protector and remove bubbles by rolling with a blot roller or a pipette.
- 17. Image the blot.

Imaging system or developer:

Exposure time:

File name:

File location:

Table 1. Recommended primary and secondary antibody dilutions to use with Thermo Scientific™ chemiluminescent substrates.

	Recommended primary antibody dilution	Recommended secondary antibody dilution
Pierce ECL	1:1,000 (0.2–10 µg/mL)	1:1,000-1:15,000 (0.07-1.0 µg/mL)
SuperSignal West Pico PLUS	1:1,000 (0.2–1.0 µg/mL)	1:20,000-1:100,000 (10-50 ng/mL)
SuperSignal West Dura	1:5,000 (0.02–1.0 µg/mL)	1:50,000-1:250,000 (4–20 ng/mL)
SuperSignal West Femto	1:5,000 (0.01–0.2 µg/mL)	1:100,000-1:500,000 (2–10 ng/mL)
SuperSignal West Atto	1:5,000 (0.2–1.0 µg/mL)	1:100,000-1:250,000 (4–10 ng/mL)

Results and observations

Future direction and next steps

Reviewed by:

Date reviewed:

Find additional resources at

thermofisher.com/westerneducation

